

BLOODSHED BEGUN.

STRIKING MINERS ALREADY RESORT TO VIOLENCE.

A mob of idle Belgians attack a lot of Negroes returning from work.

ALL KINDS OF WEAPONS USED.

SEVERAL STRIKERS HURT AND ONE MINER KILLED.

Operators at Pittsburgh planning a coup—machines to be put to work—arbitration may yet prevail.

[By Associated Press Wire.]

DANVILLE (Ill.) July 13.—Strife among the miners commenced in this district tonight. About 400 or 500 Belgian miners gathered at the Pawnee mine, and when a cage full of colored miners who had been at work reached the top of the shaft they were assaulted with different kinds of weapons, some using knives and other slaves. One of the colored miners secured a revolver and defended his life. Shots were fired, wounding several strikers. This infuriated the striking miners, and they retaliated by an exchange of shots at the same time retreating to the woods. It is reported that one miner was killed.

A THREATENED COUP.

PITTSBURGH, July 13.—Throughout the day everything in the district had a peaceful look. Tonight, however, it develops that a number of operators have been quietly planning a coup which is expected to bring dismay to the hearts of the miners. It is the intention to at once equip the mines with machines and to have a large force ready to start miners will be imported and put to work under heavy guard, and the premises harried after the manner pursued by the Carnegies during the strike of 1892.

It was reported at the miners' headquarters here tonight that 2000 miners in the Washington, Pa., district were getting ready to march on the Stickle Hollow mine and bring out the 400 men at work there. The attempt is to be made on Friday.

KEEPING UP ENTHUSIASM.

PITTSBURGH, (Pa.) July 13.—There is a lull in the miners' strike in this district due to the fact that nearly every mine in the district is idle. To keep up the enthusiasm and prevent the strikers from becoming luke-warm in the cause, however, the officials have arranged a series of meetings in different sections every day.

This morning a large meeting was held at Snowden, on the Wheeling division, and the men were unanimous to stand firm for the 69-cent rate. The miners of this division fear that the company will soon begin evicting them from their houses and intimate that if this is attempted there will be trouble. News reached the miners' headquarters this afternoon that the diggers in the Cannell, Warner, and Morgan mines, in Boone county, and those in the coal fields of their pits and joined the general strike. The three pits employ about three hundred men. The strike has also spread to Mercer county. Five mines are idle in that region today.

National President Ratchford of the United Mine Workers is expected in Pittsburgh tonight or tomorrow to meet the arbitration commissioners.

ARBITRATION MAY PREVAIL.

PITTSBURGH (Pa.) July 13.—There is a bare possibility that the joint arbitration conference may yet lead to the termination of the miners' strike on the basis of the "true uniformity agreement," proposed by President de Armit of the New York and Cleveland Gas and Gasoline Company, which held for the reason that the necessary 90 per cent. of the operators in this district could not be secured. Two sessions of the arbitration board were held today, representatives from the States of Pennsylvania, Ohio, West Virginia, and Indiana being present. At the afternoon session President de Armit appeared before the board and told of the condition which exists from his point of view.

Mr. de Armit points to the fact that his men were working today when almost every mine in the district was idle. He said that his full intent was to pay his men the district price whenever the operators will meet his terms. If true uniformity was secured here, however, it would so involve the interests of other bituminous States, and said that although there would have to be a chain of uniformity agreements in all the States that would cost much money and require considerable time to accomplish. He promised the board all assistance in his power in securing a settlement upon the basis proposed, and said under no consideration would he treat with the United Mine Workers.

President Dolan and Secretary Warner of the Mine Workers' Association were before the committee this evening and recited their grievances. They disputed much that Mr. de Armit had said, and questioned his sincerity at this time.

SITUATION GRAVE.

CLEVELAND, July 13.—Within forty-eight hours developments of a definite character are expected to take place in West Virginia coal-fields. The situation is very grave, as it is believed that the miners will go out and make the tie-up complete.

A BRITISH STRIKE.

Engineers Who Are Locked Out Call Out Other Men.

[By Associated Press Wire.]

LONDON, July 13.—[By Atlantic Cable.] The engineers, like the apprentices to be bound and fence struggle, to be settled only by the survival of the fittest. The look-out began this morning, and as a retaliation the engineers are calling out the rest of the men, so that by tomorrow at least twelve thousand will be idle. Both masters and men have refused all offers to arbitrate.

No Pardon for the Younger Boys.

ST. PAUL (Minn.) July 13.—After an extended hearing of the petition for the pardon of Cole and Jim Younger, who raided a bank at Northfield, Minn., in 1875, the State Board of Pardons, consisting of the Governor, Lt. Gov., and Chief Justice, this afternoon refused to grant the request for release by unanimous vote, declaring their belief that the Youngers should complete their term of life imprisonment.

A Murder Examination.

Monday morning at 9:30 o'clock Fong Den Sam, a Chinaman accused of being accessory to the murder of Leung Seung, the overall-maker, will be examined on a charge of murder. Ng Look, the man who is accused of being the real murderer, is still at large, and no trace has been found of him as yet.

WAY IS CLEAR.

[CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.]

IT ROASTS RHODES.

PARLIAMENTARY REPORT ON THE TRANSVAAL RAID.

It bears hard on Cecil Rhodes and several of his fellow conspirators.

CHAMBERLAIN WHITEWASHED.

THE MAJORITY COMPLETELY EX-OPERATES HIM.

Labouchere, in a Minority Report, says the matter was not probed to the bottom—thinks Joey Got Off Easy.

[By Associated Press Wire.]

TARIFF CONFEREES.

Sugar and Wool Debated Without a Decision Being Reached.

[By Associated Press Wire.]

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WASHINGON, July 13.—The representatives of the houses

THE TIMES—

Weekly Circulation Statement.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF
LOS ANGELES, SS.Personally appeared before me, Harry
Chandler, subscriber of circulation of The
Times, who, being duly sworn, deposes and
says that the daily bona fide editions of The
Times for each day of the week, ended July
13, 1897, were as follows:

Sunday, July 4.	26,650
Monday, " 5.	18,100
Tuesday, " 6.	18,150
Wednesday, " 7.	18,130
Thursday, " 8.	17,700
Friday, " 9.	17,700
Saturday, " 10.	17,700

Total for the week..... 135,890

Daily average for this week..... 19,125

[Signed] HARRY CHANDLER,
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th
day of July, 1897.THOMAS L. CHAPIN,
Notary Public in and for the County of Los
Angeles, State of California.NOTE.—THE TIMES is a seven-day paper.
The above aggregate, viz., 135,890 copies, is
issued by us during the seven days of the past
week, would, if apportioned on the basis of
an even daily paper, give a daily average
circulation for each week-day of 22,663.THE TIMES is the only Los Angeles
paper which has regularly
published sworn statements of its
circulation, both gross and net,
weekly, monthly and yearly during
the past several years. Advertisers
have the right to know the NET
CIRCULATION of the medium which
seeks their business, and this THE
TIMES gives them correctly, from
time to time.

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

Liners

SPECIAL NOTICES—

ELECTION NOTICE—SCHOOL TAX. No-
tice is hereby given to the qualified electors of
Glendale School District, county of Los
Angeles, State of California, that on the 10th
day of July, 1897, at which will be submitted the
question of voting a tax to the amount of
one hundred (\$100.00) dollars, for the pur-
pose of repairing and maintaining the school-
house. The polls will open at the pavilion
near the schoolhouse from 11 o'clock a.m.
until 2 o'clock p.m. The judges and inspec-
tors of election and constable of election are
E. M. Dixon, judge; Joseph Nelson, judge;
B. F. Patterson, inspector.

G. W. BENSON,

R. K. KENNEDY,

JAMES L. WILFELD,

Trustees of Glendale School District, Los
Angeles County, California.THE VAN AND STORAGE CO. DO THE
WORK OF MOVING, STORING AND SHIP-
PING OF PLANS AND DRAWINGS. Office removed
to 436 S. SPRING ST. Office Tel. main 1140;
Res. Tel. black 1221.RICHARD ALTSCHUL, REAL ESTATE AND
WATER POWER CO., 100 S. Spring St., S.E.
Third and Spring Sts. Tel. main 1200;GOING AWAY? STORE YOUR H.H. GOODS AT
THE SAFEST PLACE AND LOWER RATES. Pacific
Warehouse, 801 E. First. Tel. main 340.SPECIAL SALE—NO CHARGE FOR BOR-
ROWING. Tug wall-paper. WALTER,
218 W. Sixth St. Open all hours.ROBERT SHARP & CO., UNDERTAKERS,
836 S. Spring. Tel. 1029. Open all hours.SCREEN DOORS, \$1; CARPENTER TOL. WORK,
ADAMS MFG. CO., 742 S. Main. Tel. 966.T. L. CHAPIN, REAL ESTATE, NOTARY
public, 125 S. Broadway, L. A. Tel. M. 1343.

WANTED—

Help, Male.

WANTED—SALESMEN TO SELL PETTIE
ledgers, grocers' coupon books and special-
ties to merchants; side-lines; ready sellers;
good pay. Model Mfg. Co., South Bend, Ind.WANTED—FOR SALE INDUSTRIAL IN-
VENTIONS and improvements, not necessary.

not necessary. Apply room 9, 105 E. 1st.

WANTED—CHINESE HELP, ALL KINDS,
furnished promptly, free of charge. GEO.
LEM, 240 E. First st. Tel. green 403.

WANTED—

Help, Female.

HUMMEL BROS. & CO.,
EMPLOYMENT AGENTS.A strictly first-class, reliable agency. All
kinds of help promptly furnished.
Your orders solicited.200-302 W. Second st., basement
California Bank Building.
Telephone 569.(Office open from 7 a.m. to 7:30 p.m., ex-
cept Sunday.)MEN'S MISCELLANEOUS DEPT.
Ranch hand, \$20 etc.; man and wife, prl-
vate place, \$30 etc.; 2 teamsters, \$1.25 etc.;
teamster, \$1.25 etc.; 2 drivers, \$1.25 etc.;
sawmill, \$1.50 day; man to fit timber, \$1.25
day; stone boy, \$2 week; blacksmith, coun-
try, \$30 etc.; fruit cutters, 10c box; sales-
man, \$1.25 etc.; wife, blacksmith
and cook, on ranch, \$25 etc.

HOTEL DEPARTMENT.

Porter and waiter, \$7 etc.; week; chaf-
fing dish, \$2 etc.; house girl, \$35 etc.; waiter,
\$12 week; vegetable boy, \$5 etc.; cook, \$12
etc.; woman, \$12 week; blacksmith, coun-
try, \$30 etc.; fruit cutters, 10c box; sales-
man, \$1.25 etc.; wife, blacksmith
and cook, on ranch, \$25 etc.

WOMEN'S HOTEL DEPARTMENT.

3 waitresses for the beach, \$20 etc.; good
house cook, \$35 etc.; waitress, hotel,
country, first-class, \$15 etc.; chamber-
maid, \$15 etc.; maid, \$12 week; chamber-
maid, wait 1 meal, \$5 week; cook, \$12 week.

HOTEL DEPARTMENT.

House-keepers, 3 adults, \$15; 2 adults, \$15;
Parsadena and Florence, \$15; girl, assist in house-
work, \$15; housegirl, \$35 etc.; waitress, hotel,
country, first-class, \$15 etc.; chamber-
maid and cook, \$15 etc.; maid, \$12 week;WANTED—FOR THE BEACH, \$20 etc.; good
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SUITES—

FOR THE ROAD with theatrical com-
pany. Call bet. 9 and 12, room 2, 18 W.
SECOND ST. 14WANTED—ONE WANTING COOK OR
general house-keepers, German or Swede.
Phone west 941. 18 W. Washington.WANTED—EXPERIENCED SALESLADY
for corsets and underwear department
SPARER'S, 201 N. Spring st. 14WANTED—15 GENERAL HOUSEWORK
girls at once, 523 W. Washington. Phone
west 941. L. HUGHES. 16WANTED—BY GIRL 14 YEARS OLD. TO
GO easy housework or to care for child. 751
E. 14TH. 15

WANTED—

Help, Male and Female.

WANTED—THE SUNSET EMPLOYMENT
AGENCY, 128 N. Main, rooms 11, 12, 13,
14, Tel. 141. Ranch hands, waiters, wait-
ress, cooks, chambermaids and dishwashers
wanted.WANTED—TO TRAVEL EAST. GENERAL
agents, \$75 per month and expenses; local
agents, \$50 per month and expenses; \$6, 12%
per month.WANTED—GIRL TO TAKE CARE OF
baby and do general housework. Call morn-
ings, 753 S. HOPE ST. 14WANTED—WORKERS, \$75 MONTHLY. TO
travel; \$50 for local workers. 321 STOWELL
BLOCK. 17WANTED—WOMAN TO DO PLAIN, SEW-
ING, etc. for a couple of days at 545 BANING
ST. 14EXCURSIONS—
With Dates and Departures.MT. GRAYHAWK REACHED BY VIVIAN'S
burro train, connecting with Jackson's stage
at Forest Hill. Stage to Forest Hill, 10 a.m.
Tuesday and Fridays 12 m.JUN. 28.—SPECIAL LOW RAIL EXCUR-
SIONS to the East leave Los Angeles Thurs-
days, July 15, 22, 29 and August 5. Office,
223 W. SECOND ST.

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Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th
day of July, 1897.THOMAS L. CHAPIN,
Notary Public in and for the County of Los
Angeles, State of California.NOTE.—THE TIMES is a seven-day paper.
The above aggregate, viz., 135,890 copies, is
issued by us during the seven days of the past
week, would, if apportioned on the basis of
an even daily paper, give a daily average
circulation for each week-day of 22,663.THE TIMES is the only Los Angeles
paper which has regularly
published sworn statements of its
circulation, both gross and net,
weekly, monthly and yearly during
the past several years. Advertisers
have the right to know the NET
CIRCULATION of the medium which
seeks their business, and this THE
TIMES gives them correctly, from
time to time.

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

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Situations, Male.

WANTED—FOR THE PAST MONTHS
position in a California hotel; can take
entire charge of house or office; manager a
resort in the vicinity of Mackinaw Island
in summer; represent present and former
employees. Address 160 S. B. W. 18th st.,
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Reliable Business Houses Of Los Angeles.

A GREAT SALE ON MAIN STREET.
The stock of the "Poor Man's Friend" is on the dollar.
Lubin's Shoe and Clothing House,
116-118 North Main Street.

BUSINESS SUITS, \$15.

No tailor in town will give you as good a cloth as our style suits making for this price. Dress \$35.00.
S. R. KELLA, 362 South Broadway.

BUY A WHEEL.

It's cheaper than walking. Ladies' good bicycles for \$30. Men's good bicycles for \$25. Buy a wheel.
A. R. MAINES, 435 South Spring Street.

CIRCULARS 5000--\$2.50.

I will write the matter and print you 1000 circulars for \$2.50, but you've got to give me a little time to fill orders.
J. C. NEWITT, 321 Stimson Building.

GOOD WHEELS \$25.

Well made, strong, swift. Men's \$25. Ladies' \$20. But you don't pay for the name. That's why.
A. R. MAINES, 435 S. Spring St.

GOLD FOR HAY.

In Price's Central Located Warehouse, Main and Spring Streets, we pay the highest for H. low rate, tight hay.

C. E. PRICE & CO., 507 S. Olive. Phone 573.

LADIES, READ THIS!

Freckles, moles, liver spots, blackheads removed forever. No pain, no injury. Call for preparation. S. M. MILLER & CO., 310 Broadway Building.

AND PRICES MALLY LOW

Proof: 400 acres of land, 10 miles south of Los Angeles \$50,000, \$50 and \$80 per acre. Soil perfection—grows everything. W. H. HOLABIRD, 310 Broadway

LETTER HEADS \$2

Per Thousand
Elegant quality paper, ruled or plain, finest printing. We print everything. LANG-BRELL, 101 W. Second St., Phone Main 1674.

MONEY LOANED ON HAY \$5

Don't sell your hay now, store it in our warehouse and get a liberal loan on it.

E. S. SHATTUCK, 1237 S. Pearl. Tel. West 211.

QUICK DELIVERY COAL.

When you want coal—good coal—want it quick and cheap ring up phone W. E. CLARK, 120 South Pearl St.

REFRIGERATORS \$6.50 And Up.

Hardwood. 2-burner Blue Flame \$6. 2-burner smokeless Jewel \$8.00. 25 per cent. saved for cash.
HARSHMAN & DIETZ, 414 S. Spring St.

ROLL TOP DESK \$20.

Solid oak, antique finish, beaded edges and large drawers. Price \$20.00. Offered. A. KRON FURNITURE CO.,

441 SOUTH MAIN STREET; opp. Postoffice.

VACATION AT CATALINA.

In one of Swanfield's tents means rests, enjoyment and economy. Full particulars and terms of A. W. SWANFIELD, 290 South Main St.

WALL PAPER \$1. ROOM.

Enough handsome Wall Paper to cover a room 10x12 feet for \$1. Big variety patterns. Painting at reduced rates. FITZGERALD, 222 Franklin St.

WE ARE EYE EXPERTS.

Few cases are so difficult that we cannot help them

by the use of our properly ground and prepared glass. We guarantee every pair of glasses we sell and will make them right, no matter how much time it takes. We will examine your eyes and give you a free trial, and we charge you nothing. GENEVA WATCH AND OPTICAL CO., 333 South Spring Street.

Advertisements in this Column.

Terms and information to be had of J. C. NEWITT, 322-325 Stimson Building

AUCTIONS.

AUCTION. HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

Rhoades & Reed will sell at their

Salesrooms, 557-559 S. Spring St.,

WEDNESDAY, JULY, 14, at 10 a.m. SHARP, a complete line of household furniture, consisting of Bedroom Suites, Mattresses and Bedding, folding Beds, odd pieces Parlor, Dining Room and Kitchen Furniture, Chifforon, Cook Stove, Cooking Utensils, Moquet, Brussels and Tapestry Carpets.

Also a complete Restaurant outfit, including one 8-ft. Steel Range and Water Tank, Dishes, etc.

Will also sell at 2 p.m. sharp on same day, one fine new Extension Top Carriage, one Road Wagon, 2 Top Buggies, one Second-hand Surrey, in good order; one Buckboard, and two Second-hand Top Buggies.

Sale will be positive, without reserve.

BEN O. RHOADES, Auctioneer.

MORTGAGEE'S AUCTION SALE.

Rhoades & Reed will sell the entire contents of the

St. Paul Restaurant,
544 South Spring Street.

FRIDAY, JULY, 16, AT 10 A.M.

Consisting of one 8-foot Steel Range in excellent condition, 60-gallon Tank, all Cooking Utensils, Dishes and Glassware, 12 Tables, 50 Chairs, about 75 yards Linoleum, very little used, one Combination Sideboard, Refrigerator, one very large Butcher's Refrigerator, Platform Scales, Truck, Cigar Case and Counter, 8-day Clock, all Table Linen, etc.

BEN O. RHOADES, Auctioneer.

AUCTION.

GEO. PEARSON & CO. Removal to 221 South Main St. with John Roberts, will attend to all auction sales of Furniture, Groceries, Live Stock, Carriages, etc. and satisfaction guaranteed. ADVANCES MADE.

GEO. PEARSON & CO., Once 251 South Main Street.

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The Times-Mirror Company,

PUBLISHERS OF THE

Los Angeles Times, Daily, Sunday, Weekly

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L. E. MOSHER.....Vice President.
ALBERT MC FARLAND.....Treasurer.

Office: Times Building, First and Broadway.
Counting Room, first floor (telephone 29). Subscription Department, basement (telephone 32). Editorial Rooms, second and third floors (telephone 67).
PRINCIPAL EASTERN AGENT.....E. KATZ, 230 TEMPLE COURT BUILDING, NEW YORK.

Founded Dec. 4, 1881.

Sixteenth Year.

The Los Angeles Times

Every Morning in the Year.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT SERVICE—OVER 23,000 MILES OF LEASED WIRES
DAILY AND SUNDAY, 75 cents a month, or \$9.00 a year; DAILY WITHOUT SUNDAY, \$7.50 a year; SUNDAY, \$2.00. WEEKLY, \$1.30.

Sworn Circulation: {
Daily Net Average for 1895.....15,111
Daily Net Average for 1896.....19,091
Daily Average for 5 months of 1897.....19,039
(Not including 27,600 copies of the Fiesta Number over and above the regular issue).
OVER HALF A MILLION COPIES A MONTH.

Entered at the Los Angeles Postoffice for transmission as second-class mail matter.

AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.

MR. HUNTINGTON AS A GOVERNMENT CLAIM JUMPER.

LOS ANGELES—Said Pasha. (Matinee, La Mascotte.)
ORPHEUM—Vaudeville.
SPECIAL MINING NUMBER.

At an early date The Times will publish an elaborate, carefully prepared and informing issue devoted to exploiting the rich mining fields lying in the great Southwest, in almost every direction from the city of Los Angeles, which is the natural commercial metropolis and mineral entrepot of this vast region.

The forthcoming Mining Edition will contain a volume of valuable and timely information about the yielding and paying mines, as well as about the more promising of the prospects in various mineral localities. The aim will be to give correct and reliable information in every case, with a view to promoting the mining industry as a legitimate pursuit.

Further information about this timely publication may be obtained at the office, together with terms of advertising and prices of the paper in bulk.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Mining men and others who wish to send a number of copies of the Sunday Times of July 11 away by mail, may send a list of the names and addresses to this office, and the papers will be addressed, wrapped and posted for 6 cents per copy. Nothing heretofore printed will give interested parties living at a distance as clear an idea of the Rand mining district as it is, as the carefully-prepared eleven-column article which appeared in yesterday's Times.

THE HARBOR SITUATION BRIGHTENED.

A private dispatch to THE TIMES from Senator White conveyed the gratifying information, last evening, that his resolution relative to the San Pedro Harbor improvement passed the Senate yesterday. The matter is further detailed in news dispatches published this morning. The fact that there was not a dissenting vote in the Senate indicates the determination of that body to stand by its former action. This is the only course which could be consistently taken, and leaves no ground for the Secretary of War to stand upon in his unfortunate and unwarranted refusal to execute a law of Congress. In addition to other strong influences that have been brought to bear in the right quarter, the Corps of Engineers has stood fast and firm for the chosen site at San Pedro. Lieut.-Col. McKenzie, principal assistant in the office of the Chief of Engineers, has again brought his great skill and long experience as an engineer to bear on the subject at the opportune moment, and his chief, Gen. Wilson, has sustained him throughout. The honor and reputation of the corps are at stake.

It only remains for the House to take similar action in order to start the work of construction at the deep-water harbor site chosen by the government commissioners. No action by that body is probable until after the tariff question has been disposed of. But there are good reasons for believing that the House, like the Senate, will sustain its previous action when the question is finally brought to a vote.

San Jacinto firm writes to THE TIMES requesting to be informed as to "the rate of tariff on wool and jute grain bags, as applying under the new tariff." It is impossible to give the information desired at the present time, for the reason that the new Tariff Bill is still in conference. The rates will probably be known within the next two weeks.

The next man who complains against Poker Davis ought to be put under bonds to appear against him or locked up where he can be found when wanted. These Poker Davis cases have gone beyond the domain of the joke and have reached the point where they are an outrage. The next "sucker" ought to be held if he has to be herded at Fiesta Park.

Explaining one of its many errors the Express says: "What worries THE TIMES is the fact that the Express gets in fifteen hours ahead of it with all the most important news." Oh, yes; the Express worries THE TIMES a lot!

This contention on the part of the Secretary of War is in the last degree preposterous, and absurd. It is quite true that the brave old commander is in feeble physical health, but his mind is in full vigor, as is evidenced by these same letters, the genuineness of which, THE TIMES here asserts, cannot be successfully questioned. Whether Gen. Rosencrans wrote these letters with his own hand or dictated them to a stenographer, typewriter or "long-hand" penman, is absolutely of no consequence. They embody and express his own ideas, in a verbal style, as emphatic and vigorous as his well-known fighting style. Though oppressed with age and illness, Gen. Rosencrans is quite able to present to his former comrade his ideas on this subject, on which he is so thoroughly posted, both personally and as an educated military engineer. Secretary Alger, in seeking to throw doubt upon the genuineness of these letters, merely emphasizes the weakness and indefensibility of his own position.

The dismissal of the case against Mrs. Bradbury, in the San Francisco court, is not a serious matter, unless it should prove to have some effect on the prosecution and punishment of Ward, which is entirely likely, as his attorneys will doubtless set up the plea that the parties to the recent escapade were equally culpable, and that to press the case against the man and not the woman savors of persecution. An example should be made of Ward, as his prompt conviction would do more to clear the moral atmosphere than all the Christian conventions that could be held in California for a decade, even if there was one a day during that entire period. Should the case against this Santa Monica dude fall down, it will be a broad advertisement to the world that a man can proceed to any end in his immorality in this State and yet go unwhipped of justice. He should be convicted and punished as he deserves.

This hard-working, conscientious little company spares no pains and withdraws no effort, no matter what the size of the audience or other conditions, and although the temperature last night was such that the swash of the waves on the shingle and the sigh of the zephyr, the heels of the girls would have been quite the most welcome music one could listen to, the performers all sang with a spirit and verve that was especially praiseworthy. Miss Balch made a charming Mabel Stanley, and private and personal exercises presented by Fred Huntley, whose hand-some voice is well suited to the music score for this role. The pirates' chorus was finely handled, and the tarantara chorus of the coppers with George Kunkle the brave police array as sergeant, was another ensemble that was a credit to the performers.

The female chorus made the most of their numbers, and in the finale, in their robes de chambre, made a picture of loveliness that was alluring to a degree. This afternoon there will be a barrel meeting with "La Miserere" as the bill, and tonight "Said Pasha" as in which the company opened its season here and achieved a bountiful success, is underscored for production.

TOTAL ORANGE SHIPMENTS.

Seven Thousand Four Hundred Cars loaded for the Season.

The railroad companies have made up their reports, showing the total shipments of oranges from Southern California for the season ended June 30. The total quantity was 734,000. This does not include the shipments made from San Diego, Santa Barbara and other ports on steamers to the Pacific Coast Steamship Company. No record of such shipments are kept at the offices of the steamship companies in this city, so that no definite information could be obtained as to what the shipments by sea amounted to. It is estimated, however, that they could not be less than the equivalent of one hundred carloads, so that the total shipments of oranges from Southern California during the season just closed has been over seventy-four hundred carloads of 334 boxes to a car.

Some 150 carloads of oranges, chiefly late Valencia, are still being made, but they do not represent more than a few carloads a day.

REDLANDS WANTS CARRIERS.

Desirous for Improvement in the Postal Service.

Redlands wants a letter-carrier service. Thursday, Inspector Flint will pay a visit to the town and investigate its claims to the service. It must be able to show graded streets, a system of street numbering in full force, and the presence at every street intersection of a street sign for the guidance of wayfarers. One day's investigation will be sufficient for the inspector to decide whether or not the town is entitled to a carrier system.

Fraternal Insurance.

Overtures have been received from the North American Review of New York and the National Underwriter of Baltimore by A. H. S. Perkins, fraternal reporter of THE TIMES, for the publication of his paper read at an entertainment in this city recently on the subject, "Will Fraternal Insurance Insure?" which received the public commendation of Hon. R. N. Sulka and the appreciation of the audience. This is a subject that at the present time is causing considerable discussion, and the paper in question handles the affirmative side of the question without gloves.

Chamber of Commerce.

A bird's nest made from the soft fiber of the fan palm and attached to the leaf was yesterday contributed to the Chamber of Commerce by George H. Williams of the Knob Hill ranch, near Redlands. The nest was a real redwood, the size of a baseball, and contained a single white bird chick.

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THE WEATHER.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, July 13.—At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 29.67, at 5 p.m. 29.96. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 77 deg. and 78 deg. Relative humidity 50 per cent. Wind, 5 miles; 5 p.m., west, velocity 8 miles. Maximum temperature, 85 deg.; minimum temperature, 65 deg. Character of weather, clear. Barometer reduced to sea level.

The Times

ALL ALONG THE LINE.

The unseemly squabble of undertakers over the body of N. C. Creed recalls the old days in San Francisco, when Jimmy McGinn and his rivals used to wrangle like jackals over every corpse that came into the hands of the Coroner. The notorious Dr. O'Donnell, when he was Coroner, put an end to the disgraceful scenes and established a public morgue, for which service to decency even he received credit. Los Angeles is about big enough to have a public morgue, and some decorum in the disposition of her dead.

The Police Commissioners have time and again declared that they would revoke the license of any saloon-keeper who maintained a disorderly place. It was proved to them yesterday by three police officers and a police sergeant that a certain "hang-out" on Main street was notorious for the vicious and turbulent character of its frequenters, but the saloon-keeper begged to be given another chance, and will now continue to do business at the old stand. Who is Frank Taggart that his license should be protected?

Some years ago, before Uncle Collis thought of having a breakwater built by the Government to protect his wharf, the Southern Pacific laid out the "Town of San Pedro Harbor," a part of it on the Government's reservation. Uncle Collis knows there will be a harbor at San Pedro, and he proposes to derive benefit from it, but he is trying to delay the work until he can get more than his share—that is, some other peoples' shares—of the benefit. He never would forgive himself for overlooking a California pocket that contains anything worth stealing.

A number of inland towns are suffering from a shortage of water for domestic purposes, and of these Azusa seems to be in the worst condition, as there is a veritable water famine at that point, there scarcely being enough for ordinary domestic purposes. Monrovia is bad enough off, and there the city owns its own system and gives the people free use of it. Ontario has a shortage, but the need of water is not desperate. Chino is suffering from a shortage in consequence of the diminished supply from artesian wells. The story is the same in all these towns—growth of population exceeds provision for the people. It is a healthy sign, however, that in all these places steps are being considered for correcting the evils.

"California, the Land of Promise" is a handsome illustrated pamphlet of 150 pages, issued by the California State Board of Trade, mainly for the purpose of furnishing information to the visiting Christian Endeavorers. The pamphlet is not divided on geographical lines, but contains articles on a number of California topics, written by specialists in the various lines. While it might have been desired by Southern Californians that a little more prominence should have been given to this end of the State, the pamphlet is, to judge from a cursory inspection, a valuable one, and considerably in advance of anything that has hitherto been issued by the State Board of Trade. The pamphlet was compiled under the direction of William H. Mills.

Not Insane, but Angry.

A Chinese woman was taken to the Police Station late Monday night, in a hysterical condition, and supposed to suffer from insanity. She had locked up for the night, but when she was examined by Police Surgeon Ralph Hagan yesterday morning, it was found that she was of sane mind and that all the trouble was that she had been drinking, had had a quarrel with her master, and frightened him nearly out of his wits by her demonstrations. She was sent home yesterday.

Wheelman Breaks His Arm.

Elwyn Hayes yesterday went forth for a ride on his bicycle and ended the voyage by running into a street-car track on Bellevue avenue, falling off his wheel and breaking his left arm below the elbow. Hayes is 14 years old and an employe of the Montgomery Ward shop on Temple street. He was taken from the Receiving Hospital, where his injuries were attended to, to his home at No. 140 South Hellman street.

Fall of the Bastille.

The French colony will celebrate the fall of the Bastille tonight with a banquet and hall at Hotel Hall. There will be appropriate exercises, and remarks by French residents. It has been decided to have no parade or other demonstration aside from the one at Hotel Hall.

A Bonnie Black Eye.

H. W. Bleisell got into a fight yesterday, and as a result was forced to hasten to the Receiving Hospital for repairs. He had a badly-battered eye. He was cared for in the hospital all night.

LOCAL EXCURSION RATES.

On July 17, 24, 31 and August 7, the Santa Fe will sell excursion tickets to all points at rates of one and one-third fare for the round trip, tickets good returning two days from date of sale. Particulars at Santa Fe office, No. 200 Spring street.

WHY USE AN INFERIOR ARTICLE.

When you can buy Sperry's Best Family for 12¢ per quarter-sack.

OLD RELIABLE.

Sperry's Best Family, \$1.25 per quarter-sack.

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST.

Buy Sperry's flour.

BIRTH RECORD.

Moore—In San Francisco, July 11, 1897, to the wife of Charles C. Moore, a daughter.

A WORD TO THE WISE.

Buy Sperry's flour.

A HOME OF PERFECTION.

Sperry's flour, \$1.25 per quarter-sack.

ALL GROCERS KEEP IT.

Sperry's flour, \$1.25 per quarter-sack.

EXAMINER delivered, 6¢ per month. Of-
fice, No. 214 South Broadway. Tel. main 564.

SBD Magnanite Gold Mining Co. ad.

Society.

The wedding of Miss Nancy Alena Bidwell and Percival L. Rousseau of Los Angeles, formerly of New York City, took place yesterday evening at 5:30, at the residence of the bride's uncle, O. D. Rolfe, on North Union avenue. Only the immediate relatives and two or three intimate friends witnessed the ceremony, which was performed by the Rev. Dr. Fowler of the Central Presbyterian Church. The bride was dressed in a white silk kohli cloth, the front of the waist being made of white satin-striped chiffon and garnished with point applique lace. A sash of the kohli cloth, with fringes, also finished the waist. A cluster of bride roses and maidens' arms was carried. The maid of honor, Miss Myrtle Brotherton, wore white organdy over pink silk and carried pink roses. The bride's brother, Rolla Bidwell, assisted as best man. The parlor was prettily decorated with white roses, ferns and peper sprays, and in the dining-room, where a supper was served, pink carnations were effected. Arranged Mr. and Mrs. Rousseau left in the evening on their journey to Paris, France, where they will reside for several years. They will stop at several places on their way east, to visit relatives.

A birthday surprise party was given last evening at the residence of Mrs. A. K. McKelvey on Waterloo street in honor of her granddaughter, Miss Allie McKelvey. The rooms were beautifully decorated with roses and ivy, and the grounds with Chinese lanterns. Mrs. McKelvey was assisted in entertaining by Mr. and Mrs. M. McDonald and Mr. and Mrs. D. J. McDonald. Among those present were:

Lillian D. Carpenter, Maude Hutchinson, Lorraine D. Carpenter, Mrs. Parsons, Mabel King, May Williams, Minnie Petton, Hazel Maguire, George Gibbs, Clay Walker, Fred Williams, Frank Gibson, Ed Williams, Claude Case.

NOTES AND PERSONALS.

P. H. Quidley, ex-Mayor of Chippewa Falls, Wis., and his sister, Mrs. M. A. Quidley, on Waterloo street, Of Pretty Dimities, White Lawns and Nainwear, net making and embroidery, 216 W. 2d st. SHIRT WAISTS—Very latest novelties, altogether better made than anything shown in dry goods stores \$1.49 and \$1.75.

Children's Washable Children's Dresses, Of Pretty Dimities, White Lawns and Nainwear, net making and embroidery, 216 W. 2d st. SHIRT WAISTS—Very latest novelties, altogether better made than anything shown in dry goods stores \$1.49 and \$1.75.

Extra Fine Percal and Indigo Prints, all sizes, 4 to 14 years.

Mother's Friend Unlaundred Fine Percal Shirt

Waists, all sizes and styles.

The Mother's Friend and Star Waists, new patterns, removable collars.

\$1.00 each

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CHILDREN'S DRESSES.

Children's Colored Lawn Dresses, ages 2 to 6 years.

large assortment, neck and sleeves, edged with lace.

Children's Fine Lawn and Dimity Dresses, handsomely trimmed with lace.

Children's Dainty Dimity Dresses, trimmed with Valenciennes lace, hemstitched insertions.

\$1.00 each

BROWNIE BONNETS.

Most popular bonnet of the season, white and colored, dainty effects.

25c, 50c, 75c.

Infant's Lace and Mull Bonnets, large assortments, slightly soiled, worth 50c to \$1.50; to close.

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BOLDEST ROBBER ON EARTH.

Southern Pacific Stole Uncle Sam's Military Reservation at San Pedro.

Cut it Up into Town Lots and Recorded the Plat in Defiance of the President's Proclamation.

CHARACTERISTIC CROOKEDNESS OF A RAILROAD DEAL.

Charles Crocker Bought Timms Point, Tried to Defraud the Grantor, but Had to Give Up Stock, and Sold a Strip to His Associates for a Quarter of a Million—The Railroad Then Annexed a Tract That Has Been a Military Reservation Since Spanish Days and Included it in the Town of San Pedro Harbor—The Most Impudent Case of Grand Larceny on Record—Huntington Now Bearing San Pedro Stock in Order to Freeze Out Small Holders—Ten Thousand Shares Already Scooped In—The Stolen Reservation Fenced and Rented as a Corral to Sheep-owners.

To make clear the importance of the facts herein set forth it is necessary to resurrect a bit of ancient local history.

In 1887 A. D. Brock, a Los Angeles real estate broker, bonded the tract of land at San Pedro known as Timms Point. The tract comprised 704 acres and fronted on the bay of San Pedro. Brock lost no time in bringing to the knowledge of the Southern Pacific Railroad people that this Timms Point tract would be a very desirable one for them to have, and so with it he impresses the fact on them that Charles Crocker, then president of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company, went to J. W. Pearson down from San Francisco to "look at it." Pearson looked it all over and saw it would be a good thing for the railroad people to have and so reported. The result was that Mr. Crocker took it in, that is to say he expressed his willingness to take it in under certain conditions. When Brock was informed of that fact he said he would sell three-fourths of the tract and keep the remaining one-fourth to himself for, as he is reported to have said, "It would be so nice to be in the company of railroad people." Pearson told him that such a thing would never do; that the railroad people must have all or none, but as Brock was inflexible in his desire to retain one-fourth for himself so as to be in the company of nice railroad people, Pearson at last induced him to consent to make over the entire tract on the condition that one-fourth of it would be deeded back to him. In that way, as Pearson pointed out, he could kill two birds with one stone; please himself by getting back a one-fourth interest in the property and please the railroad people who were to have it with whom he was much desired to be in company with. It is unnecessary to go further into details on this particular point suffice to say that before the expiration of the year (1887) the railroad people had, by methods devious and perhaps illegal, succeeded in getting the one-fourth of the tract from Brock and Mr. Brock went whistling for his one-quarter interest which was never deeded back to him. The railroad people who purchased the property stoutly denied any knowledge of Pearson's promise to deed back the one-fourth of it they had bought; it all and Charles Crocker, to whom the property was deeded, succeeded in unloading it on his railroad associates with great profit to himself is one of many in the history of the Southern Pacific that transaction, but there is no place in this particular bit of history. It may, however, be related that he sold his own company a strip of it running along the water front and comprising only ninety acres of the total 704, which strip stands today on all maps as a Southern Pacific reservation. The remainder of it he sold to the San Pedro Harbor Dock and Land Association, which was created and incorporated for the especial purpose of buying this land and doing many things with it.

One of the first things done by this new company was to issue stock and as Brock had, in the interim, succeeded in getting judgment in his favor for his one-fourth interest the company were forced to give him stock to the value of it. It may be noted here that since the decision of the last government Harbor Commission establishing San Pedro as the point in Southern California at which a harbor of commerce and refuge shall be for the Southern Pacific Railroad people, however doing their best to acquire this and some other of the outstanding stock, now scattered among different holders, and it is affirmed by some of the men in the town upon whom Mr. Huntington has so strenuously proposed San Pedro as a harbor site is for the purpose of "bearing" this outstanding stock that he may get it on his own terms. One fact is that quite lately the San Pedro Harbor Dock and Land Association issued an offering of 62 2-3 cents a share. The result of that squeeze was that the association quickly took in some ten thousand of these outstanding shares which now gives them about seventy thousand shares out of a total of 100,000 issued, and as stated by one of these outstanding stockholders, it is only a question of time when the Southern Pacific Railroad people will have them all depending on further assessments to do the work, especially some of these outsiders feel, especially, are even to the fact that the money derived from these assessments is not applied to the improvement of the property at San Pedro, but is chiefly used to fight the San Pedro Harbor scheme to the benefit of Santa Monica. They also say that the reason why the Southern Pacific people stopped all work at San Pedro was that they had not been able to get in those outside shares "and not" as one of them said, "because Chief Engineer Hoad was reported to have said that shale formed the bed of San Pedro Bay."

The new company being duly formed and placed in possession of the land, one of its first moves was to lay out a site of a town to be called "Town of San Pedro Harbor." The site was platted, plans for a magnificent hotel drawn up and everything done, on paper, to convert the place into an earthly paradise to which Monterey and its Hotel del Monte would be but dimmings. Up to that point all went well, but it was just at that time that the railroad people or, to speak by the records, its tentacle, the San Pedro Harbor Dock and Land Company, ran up against a fact which prompted them to ride rough shod over the tenth commandment, a fact so evil that which did not belong to them. And it is a fact and the efforts to which the Southern Pacific railroad people have at various times and in diverse manners tried to distort to their advantage, but which, as a fact, a cold, stubborn, imperturbable, inexpungable fact still stands

to get it, they immediately proceeded to carry their plans to execution. Instructions were issued to the engineer in charge of the survey to include in the proposed new town of San Pedro Harbor all the land south of the Timms Point tract to the S. P. Railroad Company, north of Point Firmus. Under these instructions the government reservation, lying in between, was just naturally "scooped in."

When this was done and the limits of the new town of San Pedro Harbor defined, the surveyor was instructed to make a map of it so that lots could be offered for sale. This was accordingly done, and a copy of the map filed in the office of the County Recorder, Los Angeles, and which is now in the office of the County Surveyor, according to all who may desire to see this extraordinary document. It is inscribed: "Official map, town of San Pedro Harbor, property of the San Pedro Harbor Dock and Land Association, and the Southern Pacific Railroad Reservation. At the foot is the following notation: 'This map is the office of the County Recorder of Los Angeles County, September 14, 1888, at request of Wells, Fargo & Co.'

While, however, the Southern Pacific Railroad authorities were most desirous of creating a new town at San Pedro, they nevertheless had a United States military reservation to do it, they were not blind to the fact that it would be desirable for themselves as a railway corporation to hold all the water front as a railroad reservation. This they did, and by reference to their map, a section of which is here reproduced, it will be seen that while they did not hesitate to seize a military reservation, they were unwilling to let it all go as part of their new townsite. They therefore cut off a strip of it fronting on San Pedro Bay which they marked down as "San Pedro Harbor" and which is there to this day, as "Southern Pacific Railroad reservation." This strip, as the records in the County Surveyor's office show, is 460 feet wide on the north side, 490 feet on the south side with 1320 feet of a shore line. The rest, then, of the United States military reservation had, in their estimation, been accomplished. And besides having a nice townsite all platted in avenues, streets and lots, they had also managed to round out their water frontage all along San Pedro Bay. And all this had been done so quietly and so smoothly, no one suspecting that a military reservation had been "wiped out" of existence, that it is no wonder they rejoiced and were mighty glad. One can imagine the double-tracked railway Te Deum they let loose when they knew it had been so.

But that man on did know of these thieving operations was soon made evident, for it happened that just about the time their engineer was in the

and the suggestion of the Commissioner of the General Land Office, I have the honor to request that the following described tract of land in the State of California, held to be a government reservation by cession from Mexico, may be duly declared and set apart by the Executive as a military reservation." Then follows a description of the tract, with the words, "A sketch of the reservation is inclosed herewith."

[Signed] "R. MACFEELY,
Acting Secretary of War."

"The Hon. the Secretary of the Interior,
DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR,
General Land Office,
Washington (D. C.) Oct. 8, 1888.

reservation, with the order of the President, dated the 14th Inst., indorsed thereon, approving the request, together with a sketch of the reservation and copies of general orders No. 68, A. G. O. current series, publishing the order of the President.

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reservation, with the order of the President, dated the 14th Inst., indorsed thereon, approving the request, together with a sketch of the reservation and copies of general orders No. 68, A. G. O. current series, publishing the order of the President.

[Signed] "R. MACFEELY,
Acting Secretary of War."

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BOLDEST ROBBER:

(CONTINUED FROM EIGHTH PAGE)

Surveyor-General at San Francisco, Cal., January 2, 1873. I surveyed and plotted the tract named in above caption as the 100-vara tract, and that the above map and table of boundaries correctly represent said survey, said survey being made on or about September, 1873.

[Signed] "H. J. STEVENSON,
Surveyor."

"Los Angeles, July 7, 1893."

Below this is written: "Recorded same day at request of A. & T. L. C. C. [unclear] and filed on record to day the Surveyor-General at San Francisco issued instructions for that survey to be made, or the object of it, but there are two facts connected with it that are very peculiar. One is that although this 100-vara tract was surveyed, as the records state, in 1873, the fact remained unknown to the Surveyor-General for four years after, for it was not until July 7, 1893, that a map of the survey was placed on record. The second fact is that on the day following its record, July 8, 1893, an individual one-half interest in that 100-vara tract was deeded by the Surveyor-General to the son of one of the members of the Alexander family, to the Pacific Improvement Company, which is one of the Southern Pacific's inside corporations. It is a bargain and sale deed, the consideration named is \$1000, and it is recorded in book of deeds 877, page 300, that transaction took place five years after the Surveyor-General's survey was filed.

At this time the President served the whole tract and proclaimed it government property for military uses perpetually. That would not have been done unless the land office records had shown clearly and without dispute that the government was the absolute owner of the property.

All this time the Southern Pacific Company have been running their trains over the reservation without leave or license from Congress. They were, no doubt, aware that only Congress could give permission to cross a Government reservation, but for some reason were careful not to ask Congress to do anything of the kind. The United States Statutes provide that Congress alone can grant permission to cross over or utilize in any way any land reserved for government purposes.

In 1881, when the Surveyor-General of the books of the United States Land Office in this city contain a note that the officials are unable to explain. It is an entry in the Tract Book to the effect that the Southern Pacific Railroad Company had made application to the Government for right-of-way over a certain piece of land in San Pedro township, designated Section 18. The entry reads: "Map showing right-of-way for Southern Pacific Railroad Company over portion of the S.E. 1/4, S.W. 1/4, filed May 19, 1881, and forwarded to the Commissioner of General Land Office for approval." Now the fact is that the government did not then or at any time own any land in Section 18, and could not, therefore, be expected to grant rights-of-way over property that did not then belong to the government down over land in the adjoining section, No. 19, which lies immediately to the south of Section 18, for it is in Section 19 that its reservation of forty acres is situated. When the attention of the Land Office officials here was drawn to this and the question asked: "Has the Southern Pacific Railroad Company a right-of-way over the military reservation at San Pedro?" the answer was: "No; and if their tracks cross it or they are using it in any way they are doing so at their risk and peril, and not only on their tracks, cross it, but they have fenced the reservation in and are treating the land as if it belonged to them, leasing it, as reported, to a sheep-herder named Amar for \$100 a year."

At this time in this city, versed in matters affecting public lands and reservations said, when spoken to on the subject: "It does not make one atom of difference how much the railroad people may have labored to cloud the title to this reservation or any part of it, it is the property of the United States, it is a military reservation which fact cannot be denied, and its title rests absolutely with the government, as prescribed by the laws of Congress, to vest itself of its title to public lands." The law of Congress to which the speaker referred is an act passed July 6, 1883, which gives the Secretary of War power to abandon any government reservation. When such decision of abandonment is made the tract of land so abandoned falls within the domain and under the control of the Secretary of the Interior, who may, after hearing the case and appraised, offer it for sale at public auction, but not for less than the appraised value. If not so sold, he can sell it by private sale to anyone who may want it. Under that act the Secretary of War could declare the military reservation at San Pedro abandoned and the Secretary of the Interior could sell it at public auction or private sale. This is a fact, under existing circumstances, it is well to note.

HE FOUGHT HUNTINGTON.

HOW COL. CROCKER OPPOSED THE SCHEMES OF COLLIS.

Encouraged competition and gave a right-of-way to the Valley Road—A Clash Upon the Rapacity and Greed of His Associates.

The announcement that Col. Charles F. Crocker is dying, will be received with regret by every citizen on the Pacific Coast who has felt the weight, directly or indirectly, of the Southern Pacific railway's oppression and rapacity, the results of the policy inaugurated and maintained by Collis P. Huntington. For years, even before the death of Hon. Leland Stanford, but more especially since then, Col. Crocker has been the only person in the directorate of the great Southern Pacific monopoly who has had either the inclination or the courage to openly fight Huntington and his policy, and while he has accomplished little, so far as the outsider can see, in the way of compelling Huntington to deal justly by the people, yet it is known that but for Crocker's constant opposition, Huntington would have added largely to the great burdens and injustices that he has been able to lay upon the people and maintain.

The speaker was a man who has for upwards of a quarter of a century served the Central and Southern Pacific directorates in a position of trust which, while it has not made him especially prominent among the bench, has afforded him the means of becoming all the "inside work" and render him an authority regarding the matters of which he spoke.

"As is generally known," continued the gentleman, "it was not until toward the close of his life that the Crokers prevailed upon Hon. Leland Stanford to break loose from Huntington, who practically controlled Stanford while the latter was president

of the Southern Pacific, and to urge the adoption of some of the measures which the Crokers, and especially Col. C. F. Crocker, had long favored. These measures were in the line of rates and accommodations, an amicable settlement with the government and the absolute and honest withdrawal of the railroad and railroad influence from politics. It was not until Stanford became fully convinced of Huntington's treacherous purpose, the last struggle for the United States Senatorship that he was willing to cast his lot wholly with Crocker and fight the old man, as he is called.

"It was too late to make a decided move just then and, Crocker knew it, but Stanford did not dare to reform the monopoly and to fight Huntington as he had before been to keep on good terms with him, and, against Crocker's advice, the fight was made. Huntington won, as is known, and Stanford was ousted out of all control by the Crokers, who were willing to stick by Huntington when it came to choosing between him and Stanford, who were not willing to have Col. Charles F. Crocker ousted and voted to retain him where he was.

They realized that as long as Crocker was available, while he might not be able to prevent Huntington from inaugurating certain policies and carrying them out, he would still be an open and fearless enemy to all Huntington's shennies which met with his disapproval, and would dare at all times to tell the truth. With such a man as Collis P. Huntington, holding their millions in the outside stockholders as they are called, wanted Crocker as the watchdog. Besides, Col. Crocker had no political ambition nor had he that insatiable greed for wealth and power that marks Huntington, hence he was to be trusted not to manipulate the railroad for his own private ends.

"Stanford's death was a severe blow to Col. Crocker, and about wrecked all his plans. Huntington lost no time in filling all the offices above and below Col. Crocker until the latter was finally ousted, mainly by courtesy. It was generally expected, when Huntington placed his nephew in control on this Coast, that Crocker would resign, but he never earned the sobriquet of 'bulldog' Crocker by giving up a fight in this way, and since he had the power to do so, he used that power to retain that office and thus become a constant menace and a thorn in Huntington's side.

"It was when the San Francisco and San Joaquin Valley Railroad was seeking the right-of-way through Joaquin Valley that Col. Crocker displayed the most open hostility to Huntington. As we all knew on the Southern Pacific, should the Valley road be built, both freight and passenger rates on the Southern Pacific would have to come down. These were two reforms Col. Crocker had long advocated. The Southern Pacific Company knew that the Crocker estate owned immense tracts of land in Merced County and also knew that unless the Valley road could get a right-of-way through these lands right-of-way through a normal course, by condemnation proceedings through the courts, the whole course of the line would have to be changed and a number of thriving towns on the line of the Southern Pacific missed, thus leaving them without a competing line. Huntington, knowing Col. Crocker had the key to the situation, appealed to him to block the building of the Valley road by refusing to sell them a right-of-way, thus throwing the matter into the courts where it could be kept a year or two. All this he wrote to Col. Crocker and also in the opening of the reading of his letter the newspapers published the fact that Col. Crocker, on behalf of the Crocker estate, had given to the Valley railroad, free of all cost, not only ample right-of-way through the Merced County lands, but had added depot sites and terminals, and Valley people the right to build numerous spurs and to diverge, if so desired, from the surveyed line.

"Huntington was wild over Col. Crocker's action, but helpless. One thing he could and did do, however, and that was to turn every newspaper and Pacific newspaper loose upon Crocker, impugning his motives, alleging he was up to some trick, and in every way trying to discredit the man and his action. Through it all Col. Crocker remained silent. He had struck the blow, had aimed and the result is that today the revenue of the Southern Pacific from Fresno and San Francisco is less by almost one-third than it was three years ago."

"That Col. Crocker should die now," concluded the old employee, sadly, "seems hard. Huntington is in the valley, there was no man in the chances were good for the Crocker, Stanford, Colton, and other interests to be allied against Huntington at the next election, when the power to rule or rule would have been taken from him. Not until after the colonel's death with the came the blow of the Crocker-Huntington fight. It might be known, but of this you may be sure, not so sold, he can sell it by private sale to anyone who may want it. Under that act the Secretary of War could declare the military reservation at San Pedro abandoned and the Secretary of the Interior could sell it at public auction or private sale. This is a fact, under existing circumstances, it is well to note.

MUSICAL MENTION.

Mrs. Katherine Kimball Forest of New York, who won hosts of friends during her long residence in this city, was warmly welcomed back by a large number of them at her concert last evening, at the Blanchard-Gerald Hall, and though she had just recovered from a severe attack of laryngitis, sang her numbers with all her old-time charm and sweetness. Her first number, "Your Voice" (Danza) was delightfully rendered, with violin obligato by Miss Helen Fuller and harp accompaniment by Miss Lucia Forest of New York. Two of Foote's compositions, "Love Me if I Love You" and "Night Has a Thousand Eyes," were followed by a hearty encore, which was responded to with "A Dream" (Bartlett), Ambroise Thomas' "Sommeil," and D'Harclot's "Beneath the Branches," the latter with violin obligato were also artistically rendered. W. W. Wren, who possesses a voice of delightful power, sang "Galants of England," responding to the encore with "Wiegental" (Hofnfeld). Later in the evening he sang "Still wie die Nacht" (Bohm), "You Ask Me Why I Love You" (Kelley), "Miss Lou" (Hoffmann), "The Moonlight Serenade" (Hoffmann), and "The Moonlight Serenade" (Thomas). Miss Lucia Forest, the harpiste, though a maiden of only fifteen summers, proved herself a thoroughly accomplished young musician and the possessor of remarkable talent. She has a fine, clean touch, an admirable technique, and plays with wonderful breadth of feeling and fineness of expression. Her first number, "Danse des Sylphes" (Godofred) received an enthusiastic encore, which was responded to with an exquisite rendering of "Ariette" (Alphonse de Lachardière).

Her other numbers were "Barcarolle" (Verdi, arranged by Troulin), "Lamento" (Hasselmans) and "March of the Men of Harlech" (Thomas). Miss Kate Fuller rendered several of the piano accompaniments very charmingly.

MINOT GIRL RETURNS.

The fourteen-year-old Minot girl, supposed to have been abducted by Aeronaut Earls, has returned to her home. She ran away to visit a friend in Santa Monica, and does not appear to have been in Earls' company.

SEE Mazzaneta Gold Mining Co. ad.

Los Angeles Daily Times

Six-Day Wonder Sale

Not a summer suit will we carry over this season. We are making room for the immense stock of fall goods, now being purchased in the East by our Mr. H. Cohn.

But One Thing to do---Cut the Prices.

And that's what we have done on every Men's and Boy's Suit in our house. Too many in stock---bound to reduce quantities. Prices cut right and left to do it. At these figures there will be no slowness to this sale. Competition is simply out of the question, when it comes to price and quality.

We are positive of making no mistake when we state that the prices are the lowest ever quoted on goods of equal value. Now then, gentlemen, note these prices:

Men's strictly all-wool Cheviot and Cassimere Suits, in pin-checks and invisible plaids, they were made to sell for \$10 and \$12 per suit, at this sale only.....	\$6.75	Men's Sack Suits, made of the genuine Marysville all pure woolen Cassimeres, in gray and brown effects, sold by competitors for \$7.50 and \$8.00, at this sale only.....	\$5.85	Men's Scotch Tweed Sack Suits, brown, gray and fancy mixed, strictly all-wool, extra well tailored, regular price \$12.50, at this sale.....	\$7.65	Men's strictly all-wool Black Cheviot Suits, in sack or frock, square and round cut, single and double-breasted, lined with the very best of serge. These suits were made to sell for from \$10 to \$15, at this sale.....	\$7.85
Men's Oregon City Cassimere Sack Suits, all pin-striped patterns, and guaranteed, strictly all-wool, the price this entire Cast over \$12.50, at this sale.....	\$8.25	Men's Genuine Washington Clay Worsted Sack Suits, in dark and light gray, no better or finer tailored garments sold anywhere for less than \$15, at this sale.....	\$9.25	Men's Imported Black Clay Worsted Sack Suits, in round or square cut, nicely finished, and positively worth \$13.50, at this sale.....	\$8.75	Men's Extra Quality of Imported Black Clay Worsted Suits in both sack and cutaway frock made up in thorough merchant tailor fashion and warranted worth \$16.50, at this sale.....	\$10.25
Men's Marysville All-wool Pants, in gray and brown, sold the country over for \$2.50, at this sale only.....	\$1.85	Men's Fine English Worsted Pants, hand-some patterns, \$4.00, \$4.50 and \$5.00 values, at this sale.....	\$3.15	Men's Pants, handsome hairline, Cassimere, hand-twisted tweeds and cheviots, worth \$2.50, \$2.75 and \$3.00, at this sale.....	\$1.85	Men's strictly all-wool Cassimere Pants, regular \$2.50 and \$3.00 values, at this sale only.....	\$2.05
NOT A SINGLE CATCH-PENNY ITEM IN THE WHOLE LIST, EVERYBODY WILL WANT A CHANCE AT THESE VALUES, THEREFORE YOU WANT TO COME EARLY TO GET FIRST SELECTION. COME TODAY, IF YOU CAN.							

Store remains open until 8 o'clock every evening, Saturday days until 10 p.m.

A. Cohn & Co.
TEMPLE BLOCK CLOTHING HOUSE.

Special Attention Given to Out-of-town Orders.

Junction Main and Spring Streets, Opposite Temple Street.

RAILROAD RECORD.

SCALPER'S RATE WAR.

TICKETS TO CHICAGO SOLD BELOW EXCURSION RATES.

Special Cars for Transporting Sugar Beets—Freight Blockade Raised. Thousands of Passengers Arrive from the North.

LOS ANGELES LAW SCHOOL.

Instruction to Be Given on the Lines of Columbia and Harvard.

The Los Angeles Law School, a new institution, will open its doors to students on the first Monday in September. The aim of the school is to prepare students for practice and to give to this end a thorough, practical and comprehensive knowledge of the principles of the law included in the following subdivisions: The common law, in its development and in the modified form in which it exists today in the United States; equity, in its present and past applications; the law of California, including the practice and pleading under the Code of Civil Procedure; the public law of the United States, including constitutional law and international law; and comparative law, particularly Roman law.

The nature of the instruction will be based almost entirely upon the courses of study and methods pursued at the Columbia and Harvard Law schools. The instruction is to be what is known as the "Case system," which refers to its full application in those schools, the text-books prepared by professors of those schools and used in the courses there given.

The faculty of the new law school comprises Hon. Erskine M. Ross, Judge of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals; Hon. W. H. Brewster, S. A. M. Harvard, and D. C. L. Heldberg, professor of law and dean; Edgar V. Camp, A. M. Beloit, professor of law; Edward M. Hanna, professor of law; George H. Smith, professor of law. Among the lecturers are some of the most eminent practitioners of the most eminent practitioners of the city.

WATCHES cleaned, 75¢; mainspring, 50¢; crystals, 10¢. Patton, No. 214 South Broadway.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The familiar signature of *Castor & Fitch* is on every wrapped.



Dollars & Sense.

Any dental work that I can do for you must invariably be of the highest and best possible order. My guarantee is absolute.

My charges are also invariably reasonable and fair.

Perhaps you can find lower prices, but I can assure you that you will find them worth much less than the difference.

I know that you can easily find higher prices, but you cannot buy dental work at the best, no matter what you pay.

PAINLESS dentistry, moderate charges for good work.

My three offices are open every morning.

Nearly two thousand excursionists arrived in this city yesterday from San Francisco. A majority of them stopped off for the purpose of remaining here for a few days.

Special Lot White Duck Skirts at 99c

Special Lot White Pique Skirts, \$1.49

Both of the above Skirts are extra good material and made in the very latest style. Would be bargains at a dollar more.

99 cents for English Check Skirts, worth \$1.75
\$1.49 for Elegant Brilliantine Skirts, worth \$3.00
\$2.98 for Skirts of All-wool Checks, worth \$5.00
\$4.98 for Skirts of Imp. Serge and Worsts, worth \$9
\$7.98 for Skirts of rich Silk Brocades, worth \$12.00

Great Sale of Dress Skirts

The Parisian is the Bargain Center of the Town for Ladies' Suits...

Many of the Suits offered at this sale are especially adapted for traveling, and many others for home, mountain and beach wear.

\$35.00 Dresses reduced to \$15.00--Broadcloth, Silk Mixtures and other weaves.

\$22.50 Dresses reduced to \$10.00--Serges and Coverts.

BUSINESS.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

OFFICE OF THE TIMES,
Los Angeles, July 13, 1897.

A FLOURISHING LOS ANGELES BANK. In its issue of June 26 the United States Investor publishes a statement giving the returns of all the national banks in the United States under the last call of the controller of the currency, dated May 14, 1897.

There are thirty-one national banks in California, of which four are in Los Angeles. A striking showing is made in this report by one of our Los Angeles banks, the First National. The capital stock of that bank is \$400,000 which is exceeded only by five banks in the State, the others being the Los Angeles National Bank with \$500,000 capital. The surplus of the First National is \$80,000, which is exceeded by only five banks in the State. The undivided profits of the First National amounted to \$170,980, exceeding in amount that of any other national bank in California, the nearest being the First National of Stockton, with undivided profits amounting to \$162,878. Of individual deposits, the First National shows \$1,615,148, which amount is only exceeded by two other banks, the First National and the Commercial, both of San Francisco. The loans and discounts of the First National are given at \$1,182,325, which is exceeded only by two national banks of San Francisco, and by the national bank at Sacramento.

HUNTINGTON AND THE CENTRAL PACIFIC. The Times recently published in the editorial columns extracts from, with comments upon, a pamphlet recently published in London by a committee of dissatisfied stockholders of the Central Pacific. It contains nothing of the outragous manner in which they claim to have been treated by Collis P. Huntington, and calling upon the stockholders to combine for the purpose of making a strong fight against the Huntington influence.

The publication of this pamphlet evidently caused some anxiety to Uncle Collis, for it was announced just then that he had gone over to London to be present at the stockholders' meeting. Now a dispute from London quotes the Times of that city as stating that Huntington's committee had been decided to adjourn the meeting of Central Pacific shareholders until October 18. This, the Times says, is equivalent to abandoning the meeting altogether. It is believed that the postponement of the meeting may signify that Huntington has given the English investors to understand that he has hope of putting the Funding Bill through the present Congress.

COMMERCIAL.

A NOVEL IDEA. Porter Brothers Company, the well-known fruit dealers, have hit upon a novel idea for the purpose of extending the sale of California fruits. In a recent issue of the Fruitman's Guide it is given that the firm offers to extend retail dealers purchases amounting to \$250 for dealers who dispose of the greatest quantity of California summer fruits. The issue of the Guide is sent by Porter Bros. to 20,000 interior merchants in order to call their attention to this offer. After describing the advantages offered by the firm, from under the present improved system of shipment and distribution, the firm gives the following details of its offer:

"As an inducement to do this, as well as to create progressive rivalry in the trade, we offer the following established in the city of not more than 10,000 and not less than 3000 inhabitants, which handles the greatest quantity of California fruit, between June 20 and November 15, a present of \$100 in cash.

"To the dealer doing business in towns of less than 3000 and more than 5000 and selling the largest quantity, \$75 in cash.

"To the dealer selling the largest quantity in places of less than 3000 and more than 3000 inhabitants, \$50 in cash.

"To the dealer in towns of less than 3000 inhabitants selling the largest quantity, \$35 in cash."

CALIFORNIA FRUIT IN THE EAST. An eastern correspondent who has in former years had experience in the horticultural industry in this State writes to the editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, in which he gives the facts in regard to California fruit as they appear to the retail buyer in interior eastern towns. He quotes the price of California fruit on a certain morning a few weeks since in his letter as follows:

"Cherries, 25 cents per pound; apricots, 10 cents a dozen; peaches, 25 cents a dozen; oranges, 35 cents a dozen."

The correspondent then goes on to give the following interesting points in regard to the conditions under which California fruit is retailed in eastern markets:

"All the fruit was in good condition—that is, there were no signs of decay—but all the peaches were of a greenish, yellowish tinge, suggestive of doctors' bills and the undertaker. The apricots as a rule looked better, but probably half of them were green. The cherries, however, were a credit to the State; they looked as bright and fresh as if they had just come from the tree, and the flavor was excellent."

"All this fruit was packed in layers and in reasonably small packages; the layers of cherries look especially tempting to people who are accustomed to buying cherries in bulk. The oranges looked good, but the California oranges are a staple here, and nothing wholly takes their place. I have never seen any one buying this fruit, although considerable is sold, but almost every one "prices it," especially the cherries, and when I asked "How much for the box?" (I probably a ten-cent box,) the dealer answered "\$2" with an unmistakable air of weariness. I didn't buy the box. I took strawberries instead, a box of home-grown berries picked that same morning, bright, ripe and clean, at 10 cents for a box. The place took either fruit or oranges. The aggregate sales were \$1,700.00. Government bonds were practically neglected, and sell for 15 and 20 cents a dozen, according to size and appearance. Pineapples are also plentiful at 10 cents each. This gives an idea of the condition which California fruit had to meet."

"Leaving out oranges, I find that practically all other California fruit is sold from fruit stands, or the grocers' stands to people who see the fruit and are attracted by its appearance. The housewife will order indiscriminately buying powdered oranges, soap, strawberries or pineapples, oranges, soap, dried fruits, etc. I have not found that at the present time a single California peach or apricot has been sold here in this way. I presume that this has been the case in other cities as well as this, and if it is, it must be true that the reason for much of the California fruit dependence almost wholly on this matter of attractiveness; indeed, with other fruits at the prices quoted, it must look tempting enough to induce one to take it against his better judgment. In view of this fact, there is no excuse for the monkeyish pounces to which we have referred."

The time required to bring the fruit to this market is known, and an experienced packer should be able to get his fruit here when it is just about at its best, and if every packer realized as he should that quality and

appearance are even more important than price, he would see that this was done, with the certain result that the East could be made to pay a much heavier tribute to the West."

"There is another point in relation to appearance—a broken package of peaches, apricots or cherries, especially the latter, is not nearly so inviting in appearance as the original package. If the fruit was packed in boxes especially, say half-pound packages which would sell now at 10 cents each, the fruit would present a better appearance, and in consequence the sales would be increased. There is an added advantage in using a small package in the fact that the buyer would see the package that he was paying for more easily. Small boxes of cherries marked "10 cents each," would sell faster than cherries packed in larger boxes at "20 cents a pound," and they would reach the home of the consumer in a more attractive form. There is no doubt that the package which reaches the home of the consumer should be the original package as it left the orchard."

GENERAL BUSINESS TOPICS.

WHY THE FACTORIES CLOSED. Apropos of the suspension of the thin sheet iron and glass factories, Bradstreet's calls attention to the fact that some publications are unduly emphasizing the situation. It is customary for the glass factories to close down about this time every year, and sometimes until October. It is true that some difficulty is expected in settling the glass wages scale, but this depends to a large extent on the tariff, and the factional fight between the operatives themselves.

LOCAL PRODUCE MARKET.

WHOLESALE QUOTATIONS Revised Daily. LOS ANGELES, July 13, 1897.

There is a scarcity of the higher grades of butter and prices are well maintained at the quotations given below. The market is rather overstocked with light-weight rolls, and as a consequence the prices are correspondingly lower than for the same grades of full weight. Eggs are firm, with sales at 12½@13½ with an upward tendency. Following are current quotations:

Butter and Cheese.

Butter—Local extra, per lb., 32½ oz., 45@47½; fancy local, 42½@45; northern, 32½ oz., square, 40@42½; 32½ oz., round, 32½ oz., fancy, 40@42½; 32½ oz., round, 28 oz., roll, 30@32½; choice, 32 oz., roll, 35@37½; 28 oz., roll, 27@29½; picked, dairy, 28 oz., roll, 32½@35; fancy, 12½@13½.

Cheese—Full cream, 9; Anchor, 10; Young, 11; 12½; 13; 14; 15; 16; 17; 18; 19; 20; 21; 22; 23; 24; Edam, fancy, per doz., 8@9@10.

Poultry and Eggs.

Eggs—Per doz., 12½@13½.

Poultry—Hens, per doz., 40@42½; young roosters, 45@47½; old roosters, 50@52½; turkeys, 15@16½; ducks, 3.00@3.25; turkeys, live, 12@15 per lb.

Potatoes and Onions.

Potatoes—Per 100 lbs., 80@90.

Onions—Per 100 lbs., Early Rose, 75@80; Pink Eyes, 60@60.

Bacon.

Bacon—Small white, per lb., 1.40@1.50; Lydia Washington, 1.40@1.40; pink, 1.40@1.50.

Honey—Comb, 1-lb. frames, per lb., 8@10; Beeswax—Per lb., 18@20.

Provisions.

Hams—Per lb., Rex, 11½; boned, 9½; picn., 9½.

Bacon—Per lb., Rex breakfast, 10; light medium, 8½; medium, 7.

Fried—Per lb., sets, etc.; insides, 13@14.

Dry Salt Pork—Per lb., clear berries, 7½; short clears, 6½; clear backs, 6½.

Packed Meats—Per lb., family pack, 16@20; ham, 15@16½; bacon, 14@15½.

Lard—Per lb., pure leaf, 5½; Ivory lard compound, 6½; Rexoline, 6.

Fresh Meats.

Butchers' prices for wholesale carcasses: Beef—Prime, 5½@6½.

Veal—5½@6½.

Mutton—4½; lambs, 6.

Dressed Hogs—6.

Live Stock.

Hogs—Per cwt., 35@37½.

Lamb—Per head, 50@52½.

Sheep—Per cwt., 25@25½.

Hides and Wool.

Hides—As they run, 11; kip, 9; calf, 12; bullock, 6.

Wool—Fall, 3½@3½; spring, 4@4½.

Tallow—16@17.

Flour and Feedstuffs.

Flour—Local extra roller process, per bbl., 4½@5½; northern, 5½@6½; superfine, 6½@7½.

Feedstuffs—Barley, per ton, local, 17½@18½; oats, 15@16½; wheat, 15@16½; corn, per cwt., 1.10; cornmeal, 1.75; feed meal, 1.15; oilcake, 1.65@1.70.

Grain and Hay.

Grain—Wheat, 1.10@1.15; barley, 75@80.

Hay—Alfalfa, 1.10@1.15; timothy, 1.10@1.15.

Sugar—Alfalfa, per ton, 6.00@7.00; barley, 7.00@8.00; wheat, 7.00@8.00; oat, 7.00@8.00.

Straw—Per ton, 5.00@6.00.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Shares and Money.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

NEW YORK, July 13.—The disposition of the stock market today evinced by notable and widely-marked movements reported in the Coasters, Industrials and gilt-edged investment stocks, was due to various favorable influences of general effect. The Coasters easily responded with a rise extending to 2 per cent. The judicial interruption of the proposed inquiry into the antrachite trade under the Coasters, and the strengthened whole industrial group. Today's Washington rumors concerning the proposed legislation to regulate the stock market, were also of favorable influence.

The Coasters' position in the business market was steady.

The market was quiet. Sugar was the only item of note, and the price of sugar was steady.

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SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA NEWS



PASADENA.

HOTEL GREEN ANNEX WILL SOON BE WELL UNDER WAY.

It is Expected That the Building Will be Ready for Occupancy about January 15—Meeting of the Merchants' Protective Association—Notes.

PASADENA, July 13.—[Regular Correspondence.] Though there has not been much visible evidence of progress with the annex to Hotel Green, the work has in reality been pushed as rapidly as possible, and the walls will begin to rise within a few weeks' time. A chief source of delay has been in getting the steel, and this necessarily takes much time. It is expected that the steel will be ready about August 1, and the work will then be rushed with all speed. J. S. Torrance, Col. Green's representative, is quite confident that the annex will be completed and ready for occupancy by January 15 or February 1.

The grounds immediately south and east of Hotel Green will soon be improved and beautified in accordance with the plan outlined some time ago in The Times. A broad drive way will be made leading up to the Santa Fe depot, and plants and shrubs will be set out at the back of the hotel.

CHRISTIAN CITIZENSHIP.

The Pasadena Christian Citizenship Union met last evening in the Y.M.C.A. rooms and elected officers. W. E. Cox was made president, Prof. A. L. Hamilton, vice-president; Miss Elsie Palmer, secretary, and Alexander McLean, treasurer. The Executive Committee elected consists of the above-named officers and Prof. H. H. Hancock, the Y.M.C.A. meeting will be held some Sunday in the near future. The object of the union is "the prevention of crime and vice, and the maintenance of a higher standard of Christian citizenship."

MERCHANTS' PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION.

At the meeting of the Merchants' Protective Association last evening much time was devoted to the discussion of plans for a new register of customers, which is to be used by the association. Each member will report the names of all customers, indicating whether each one is prompt in paying his bills, merely slow, or doubtful. The register will thus afford a full showing of each customer's way of doing business with each merchant whom he patronizes. It is expected that it will prove a material protection to the members of the association to their eastern homes.

The Reception Committee charged with the duty of receiving the delegates returning from the Christian Endeavor convention at San Francisco met last evening at the Presbyterian Church to perfect arrangements. Sixty-two were present. The chairman is Dr. G. S. Hull, and R. B. Burnham is secretary. Various sub-committees were appointed, and every effort will be made to extend the most hospitable welcome to any delegates who may chance to visit Pasadena on their way to their Eastern homes.

PASADENA BREVITIES.

Officers of the Pasadena Tent, Knights of the Maccabees, were installed last evening as follows: Commander, Heman Dyer; Lieutenant-Commander, F. E. Burnham; Recruit Captain, E. H. Patten; Finance Keeper, J. E. Brower; Chaplain, G. W. Jackson; Sergeant, Joseph Sherry; Master-at-Arms, G. G. Benton; First Master of the Guard, C. B. Shaw; Second Master of the Guard, J. D. Ripley; Senior Master, Mr. Pierce; Picket, J. O. Hoff.

It would seem, after all that has been said and written upon the subject, that even on the Pacific world would know that the project of establishing a college for women does not contemplate a preparatory school, but a full-fledged college equal to Smith, Vassar or Wellesley. An article in a local paper which describes Lassell Institute of Agriculture, Mass., as the "great original" in the field of women's education in Pasadena, is erroneous and misleading.

The infant son of Prof. B. V. Garwood of Garvanza, who was kicked by a horse last Saturday evening, is rapidly recovering, no unfavorable symptoms having appeared. Prof. and Mrs. Garwood express grateful appreciation of the sympathy extended to them by many friends.

In future the fare on the electric road between Pasadena and Altadena, on commutation tickets, will be 10 cents. The ten-mile tickets sold for \$1 will be good either between Pasadena and Los Angeles or between Pasadena and Altadena.

A pretty sight was presented this evening at Santa Barbara, death resulting from heart disease. Mrs. Chase, a widow from Pasadena, about two weeks ago to visit a friend at Santa Barbara.

President Edwards of Throop is visiting various towns of Southern California in the interest of the institute.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Spalding left to-day for the East. They will be absent about two months.

The reopening of Hotel Mitchell was celebrated last evening by a dance and reception.

Mrs. H. L. Story and Miss Ada Story returned today from Catalina.

Drink phosphorine for a tonic, at McCamens', 38 East Colorado.

SANTA MONICA.

New Dancing Pavilion in Prospect. Bowdy Houses Abolished.

SANTA MONICA, July 13.—[Regular Correspondence.] Arrangements are under way for the erection of a large dancing hall just north of the Arcadia Pavilion on the beach. The Pasadena and Pacific and the Southern Pacific companies have promised to pay the expense of an orchestra of seven pieces, providing the citizens here will build the pavilion, furnish floor committee and have a policeman detailed to maintain order.

At the meeting of the City Trustees last evening, a resolution was passed making it unlawful to visit houses of prostitution; also a resolution instructing the City Marshal to notify any and all keepers and owners of houses of prostitution within the town of Santa Monica to close such houses forthwith. In case of refusal, the Marshal is directed to take such

legal steps as may be necessary to rid the town of the nuisance.

Mmes. D. S. Thomas and George Sanders of Arizona, Ariz., and the Misses M. and Mrs. John McCrill of Cartago, Mo., have taken the White cottage on the south side.

The Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias, have made extensive preparations for a dancing party to be given at Eckert & Hopf's Pavilion during the coming encampment in this city of the Third Regiment, California Brigade, of that order.

H. E. Voss, a well-known business man of this city, died here on Monday, after brief illness.

Mrs. F. M. Johnson of San Bernardino's teamsters, Engleman's two cottages on Pacific Street, which she will soon occupy with twenty-five school children whom she will bring from San Bernardino.

At the ballad social held Monday night at the residence of Mrs. Dilie on Pacific Street, Misses Welch, Minkler and Mr. Ballou sang; Miss Haines of Los Angeles gave a solo; and selections on the piano, George Dilie on the violin, and Misses Elliott and Maynard recited.

SANTA CATALINA.

FIRST PICNIC AND BARBECUE OF THE ENDEAVOR CLUB.

Hoofline Joe and a Tender Kid Add to the Hilarity of the Event—The Old Hermit Cuts Up Some Characteristic Capers.

AVALON (Santa Catalina Island), July 13.—[Regular Correspondence.] Monday's picnic and barbecue of the Endeavor Club was a grand success in every particular. The outing full of lively interest from the moment the Fleetwing with thirty members on board, left the Avalon wharf, until her return late in the afternoon.

As the yacht rounded Sugar Loaf, a signal of distress was discovered far out at sea, where the little sailing yacht Esperanza lay helpless at the mercy of the wind and waves. She had met with a disabling accident and needed help.

The master of the Esperanza, Capt. Carter, is a member of the Endeavor Club, and it was with the heartiest enthusiasm that the members aboard the Fleetwing responded to his call for help. In less than half an hour the launch was alongside the crippled craft, while the necessary repairs were being made took her in tow and an hour later cut her loose before a stiff breeze, bound for the mainland.

The club's destination was White's Landing, and the hermitage of Hoodoo Rock, where the party had been advised of the coming of the crowd and as the launch rounded to and dropped anchor, he appeared on the beach apparently half disabled with delight.

With long snowy hair and beard, his scant attire, his energetic gesticulations, his kind-like capers, the delighted old fellow drew the gaze of the visiting comrades a picture worth looking at.

BOYS' BRIGADE MEETING.

The Boys' Brigade of the First Congregational Church in this city has returned to the fold under the new church.

The brigade assembled there Monday evening, when the president of the brigade, J. C. Packard, presented the members a handsome flag that had been procured through the efforts of himself and Capt. Nichols. Premiums were awarded to the members of the brigade as follows: Sergt. Waller, book for winning the gold medal the greatest set; Sergt. Thompson, book for six months; Corp. Cooley, book for winning the silver medal the greatest number of times during the same length of time; Corp. Cooley, badge, for the best general conduct during the period.

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SAN DIEGO BREVITIES.

Members of the Anti-Order of United Workmen indulged in moonlight excursion and hay ride to El Cajon Monday evening to participate in the organization of El Cajon Lodge, No. 276, A.O.U.W., by the officers of Point Loma and Silver Gate lodges in this city. There was an excursion from El Cajon to Chula Vista, via the Guyamaca road, and a hay ride from the heights to the Town Hall, where the exercises were held. About one hundred and fifty persons from the city were members of the party.

The address of the evening was delivered by Capt. Nichols.

COURTHOUSE QUESTION.

The Supervisors wrestled with the courthouse problem Tuesday, but reached no decision. John W. Roberts' amended proposition to sell the Arlington block was received and filed, being \$5,000 for the east half of said block or \$6,000 for the entire block.

A proposition was also received from Mr. E. Calfel to sell for \$6,000 nine and one-half acres on Orange and First streets.

Supervisor Thompson moved that the proposition to buy the Arlington Hotel property be rejected. Carried.

Supervisor Dunbar moved that the Chalmers block be purchased at \$12,000. John C. Crowe submitted rental proposition as follows:

To lease the quarters now occupied in the Arlington, including two additional rooms and the lower floor of the power-house for \$290 per month.

To lease as above with two other additional rooms and convey 14 feet to the back of the county as a gift, conditioned on the building thereon of a courthouse and jail, at \$300 per month.

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SAN PEDRO.

Joe Cotton Discharged—A Plague of Vagrant Dogs.

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The school for the Revival of Lost Mysteries of Antiquity has been incorporated under the laws of West Virginia. The property purchased here by Ballou & Cosgrove was formally transferred to the corporation Monday.

The young ladies of the Columbia Rowing Club entertained a number of their gentleman friends with a large party Monday evening. The party spent a portion of the evening on North Island.

Word has been received here that Dr. Fizell of Escondido has a magnificent specimen of the American eagle in the hands of a taxidermist in this city. The bird will be put on exhibition as soon as it is mounted.

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Teachers

City Briefs.

Passes given to Catalina can leave this city on the Terminal newspaper train at 6 a.m., connecting with the Wilmington Transportation Company's newspaper boat at San Pedro, and arrive at Catalina at 10 o'clock daily, except Saturday and Sunday, making the trip at half time of the day is much more delightful than in the afternoon, after the winds have come up and the ocean is "choppy." There is also much less liability to seasickness on the morning trip.

You can make a quarter today by taking advantage of Silverwood's 25 cent newspaper sale. He has filled his north window full of elegant silk ties. They go today at 25 cents each. You know the place, No. 124 South Spring.

Beginning class in physical culture and elocution today, 4 p.m. Private and class instruction during the summer. Cimarron School of Oratory, No. 2705 South Hoover.

Good values in men's half hose, full regular, medium weight; colors tan or black; 10 cents a pair; former price 15 cents. Coulter Dry Goods Co.

Christian Endeavorers — Special prices on Indian baskets, Thursday, Friday, Saturday. Woman's Exchange, South Spring.

The best service and lowest prices at the Nadeau Café. Wine and music.

Boys' boarding school, military. Free catalogue. Postoffice box 193, city.

Get your bathing suits at Coulter Dry Goods Company.

Jacob Freeman was brought to the County Jail from Acton by Under Sheriff Clements last night on a charge of assault with intent to commit bodily injury.

Frank Beesnotte, a cash-boy in the Boston store, fell downstairs yesterday and cut his head. Four stitches were taken in his flesh at the Receiving Hospital.

Two lost children were taken to the Police Station yesterday morning, and kept at the station until their frightened parents came to rescue them. One of the children was named George Maken; the other was a little girl.

Undelivered telegrams at the Western Union Office for N. J. Rowan, Mrs. Hattie McIntyre, Martha Bay, Frank H. Sleeper, Arthur Woodward, Mrs. Tibbs, Mrs. T. Webb, Claude Seals, Thomas Edward, P. F. Moore.

One ticket scalper in this city bought 1500 tickets to San Francisco from Endeavor excursionists for from 10 cents to 25 cents each, and sold 800 of them at 75 cents each. Hundreds of tickets were peddled on the street also.

ACCIDENTAL OVERDOSE.

CORONER'S JURY SAYS CREEDE'S DEATH WAS UNINTENTIONAL.

Friends and Lawyers Relate the Circumstances of His Death. Slight Reference to His Marital Infidelities — His Financial Affairs Were Prosperous.

Accidental self-poisoning, by an overdose of morphine taken to relieve pain — that is the way the Coroner's jury last night decided as to the cause of the death of Nicholas Creede, who was found dead Monday evening at a summer house in the garden of his home on Pearl street.

There was almost no reference at the inquest to his wife, from whom he has been separated for six months past, and whose return to Los Angeles has been conjectured to be one of the causes of the depression observed in him of late.

The inquest was held last night at the undertaking establishment of Orr & Hines. Coroner Campbell was not present, so the examination of witnesses was ostensibly conducted by Justice William Young of the Township Court. Deputy Coroner Summerfield was there to take down the testimony. Dr. John T. Jones, the lawyer of the dead man, sat at his left hand and really did most of the conducting of the inquest.

All the questions which Mr. Jones asked were evidently intended to establish the theory that it was entirely by accident that he took an overdose of morphine.

Dr. Montgomery, formerly physician for Creede, testified that his health had been bad for some time. He himself had never prescribed morphine to relieve the pains which Creede suffered from, notwithstanding his knowledge. He first saw the dead body twenty hours after death, but at once he was able to tell from the appearance of the finger nails and the eyes that it was morphine which had caused death.

W. M. Phifer, the brother-in-law of the dead, testified to the circumstances of the taking of the drug. All day Monday Creede had complained of feeling ill, and four times during the day he had gone out for a short walk. When dinner time came he refused to eat anything, but said that later he would eat something. The next time Phifer saw him he was unconscious, and two hours later, in spite of the efforts of the physicians, he was dead.

Cal Hunter and John T. Jones testified that according to their knowledge as his lawyers, the dead man's financial affairs were in excellent condition, and that he had no reason to take a legal standpoint why he should have committed suicide. They said that within a few days he had been in a very cheerful frame of mind, and declared that they believed it to be entirely by accident that he had taken too much.

Maass, the hired man, also testified, adding nothing to what had already been brought out.

The testimony went to show that Creede had occasionally used morphine to allay rheumatic pains, and that it was entirely possible that he had accidentally taken too much. After a short deliberation the jury returned a verdict to that effect.

Creede's lawyers and friends say they don't know whether or not he left a will. Out of respect for him, his papers have not yet been opened.

"We don't want to look for a will before the body is cold," said Mr. Phifer. The friends of the dead man declare that if he left no will the adopted daughter, little Dolle Waters Walker Creede, will inherit all his wealth, and that the release Mrs. Creede signed on receiving \$20,000 cuts her off from any hope of getting any of the property.

The body of Creede will be placed in a vault today at Rosedale Cemetery, and will probably be sent East later. It has been embalmed.

NEARLY DIED ONCE BEFORE.

DENVER (Colo.) July 13.—[Special Dispatch.] "I don't believe that Creede committed suicide, or even attempted it," said a gentleman today who has long been connected with the Mineral county miners, who were in agreement with Creede in the palmy days of the Amethyst and has kept up a correspondence with him since the millionaire settled in Los Angeles. "Creede," continued this gentleman, "was in the habit of taking morphine. It came near getting away with him in Galveston in the winter of '92, when he made a trip there in company with Maj. Campbell. He was under the doctor's care at that time for two days, and the

Baking Powders Analyzed.

"Royal," a cream of tartar powder of superior purity and strength.

The following extracts from certificates of analysis of the Royal Baking Powder, made from time to time, are very helpful to those who wish to be certain as to what baking powder to select in order to get a pure article, free from alum or any form of adulteration:

From actual analysis made by me, I pronounce the Royal Baking Powder to be the strongest and purest baking powder before the public.

It is entirely free from alum and other additions injurious to health.

W. T. WENZELL,
Prof. Chemistry, College of Pharmacy Department, University of California.

Your committee have made a very careful examination of the Royal Baking Powder, and are satisfied that it fulfills all the requirements which the public can make of a baking powder. For purity and care in preparation it equals any in the market, and our test shows that it has greater leavening power than any other of which we have any knowledge.

W. B. RISING,
Prof. Chemistry, University of California.
State Analyst.

By analyses which I personally have had made, it is clearly demonstrated that the Royal Baking Powder stands, as far as strength and purity are concerned, at the head of the baking powders of the United States. The Royal is composed of absolutely pure and wholesome ingredients of the highest grade.

GRANVILLE McGOWAN, M. D.,
Health Officer, Los Angeles.

The best baking powder made is, as shown by analysis, the Royal. Its leavening strength has been found superior to other baking powders, and, as far as I know, it is the only powder which will raise large bread perfectly.

CYRUS EDSON, M. D.,
Commissioner of Health, N. Y. City.

CHICAGO, March 1, 1887.

As the result of my tests, I find the Royal Baking Powder superior to all the others in every respect. It is entirely free from all adulteration and unwholesome impurity, and in baking it gives off a greater volume of leavening gas than any other powder. It is therefore not only the purest, but also the strongest powder with which I am acquainted.

WALTER S. HAINES, M. D.,
Prof. Chemistry, Rush Medical College.

Consulting Chemist, Chicago Board of Health.

I have tested samples of the principal baking powders found on sale in this city. Royal is the strongest, purest, and the most economical.

H. H. NICHOLSON,
Nebraska State Chemist.

I have analyzed all the principal brands of baking powder sold in this State. Royal has the highest leavening power, and is composed of pure and wholesome ingredients. No other gave results so satisfactory.

FLOYD DAVIS,
Iowa State Chemist.

I have made a large number of analyses of Royal Baking Powder, and have found it to be an absolutely pure cream of tartar powder, entirely free from ammonia and all adulterations and impurities. In leavening power it is of the very highest.

CHARLES W. DREW,
Late Chemist Minn. Food and Dairy Commission.

I have carefully analyzed baking powders on sale in this city. The Royal excels all others. It is the highest in strength, in fabrica, a faultless arrangement of agents, pure and wholesome, free from adulteration with lime, ammonia, or alum.

JAMES E. SULLIVAN, M. D.,
St. Louis City Chemist.

I have analyzed all the leading brands of baking powders sold in this State, and find the Royal to be absolutely pure and highest in leavening power.

ALBERT MENKE,
Arkansas State Chemist.

The Royal Baking Powder is superior to any other powder which I have examined; a baking powder unequalled for purity, strength and wholesomeness.

WILLIS G. TUCKER, M. D., Ph. D.,
New York State Analyst.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

doctor had great trouble in bringing him to.

"Creede was considerate of an Indian in his methods of thought. He was an officer during the civil war, in a company of Pawnee scouts, and was as brave as they make them, but in a quiet way. He seldom talked about his history or business, and then only to his most intimate friend. He was strong in money dealing, and had out considerable for charity, but always under the promise that nothing should be said about it."

Creede took \$322,000 out of the Amethyst mine alone, and part of this he gave away to friends and needy persons. His affairs were in order, he was well-managed, and his mode of living was not expensive.

CREEDE'S ESTATE.

His Wife Files a Petition for Letters of Administration.

Mrs. Louise Creede, but one day a widow, does not intend to allow her dead husband's other relations to succeed to his estate without a legal battle. Creede killed himself on Monday night by taking an overdose of morphine. Some were of the opinion that the recent arrival of Mrs. Creede in Los Angeles had a great deal to do with Creede's action.

Yesterday Mrs. Creede filed a petition for letters of administration to the estate of Nicholas C. Creede, a widow, and Mattie Harris, a native of California, aged 20, both residents of Los Angeles.

Percival L. Rosseau, a native of Louisiana, and a resident of Paris, France, aged 38, and Nancy Allena Bidwell, a native of Arizona and a resident of Los Angeles, aged 22.

Edward Young Ware, a native of Missouri, aged 28, and Nellie Luticia McGuire, a native of Kansas, aged 19, both residents of Los Angeles.

DEATH RECORD.

WALTON—In this city, July 13, 1897, Seth Walton, a native of New York, aged 75.

Funeral Wednesday, July 14, at 2:30 p.m., from his late residence, No. 222 North Spring street. Friends and acquaintances invited. (Connecticut papers please copy.)

MEIKELJOHN—In this city, July 13, 1897, James Meikelljohn, a native of Kentucky, aged 33 years.

Funeral from the family residence, No. 901 Santee street. Thursday, July 15, at 9 a.m. Services at Cathedral at 9:30 a.m.

A HOUSEHOLD WORD.

Sperry's Best Family, \$1.25 per quarter-ask.

SEE Maganetta Gold Mining Co. ad.

FUNERAL DIRECTOR

DEXTER SAMSON, 523 S. Spring st. Special attention paid to embalming and shipping bodies East. Phone, Main 512.

Entertainment and Installation.

Court Columbus, No. 102, Forresters of America, gave a public installation and entertainment at Music Hall last

LADIES' LINGERIE
MUSLIN UNDERWEAR
CHILDREN'S INFANTS' WEAR

Inventory Undermuslins Today.

We ask your especial attention to the details of this announcement. Every garment offered is a bargain in itself. Collectively they form the grandest occasion of the kind Los Angeles has ever known. These goods are all new and clean, being an immense lot that we ordered some weeks ago. They arrived late, however, and now go on sale at the wonderfully low Inventory prices.



Inventory of Muslin Drawers.

Without a question the greatest opportunity ever offered on these garments in this city. It needs but a glance to prove the strength of these goods and the weakness of these prices.

Drawers of good muslin with deep hem and cluster of tucks; kinds that regularly bring 8c. Inventory price only.

Drawers of fine muslin with cambric ruffles. Umbrella and real 8c quality. Inventory price only.

Drawers of fine muslin in new patterns of embroidery. Umbrella or regular style; 7c value marked at.

Drawers of fine cambric trimmed with new patterns of embroidery. Kinds that regularly bring 8c, marked at.



Inventory of Muslin Skirts.

Gowns of good muslin, Mother Hubbard style, trimmed with linen lace and 7c value for.

Empire Gowns of good muslin trimmed with cambric embroidery and insertion \$1 value for.

Gowns of fine muslin, fancy Empire style, trimm'd with dainty torchon lace. 8c marked at.

Gowns made of fine cambric, fancy Empire style, trimm'd with dainty embroidery, value \$1.00 now marked at.



Inventory of Muslin Chemises.

A truly great gathering of the nicest ever shown in these garments. Comfort, beauty and price are made possible by these inventory reductions. Here is the choice ever offered at the prices and greater values stand behind.

Chemises of good muslin, ample width and length. Made 8c.

Chemises of fine muslin, trimm'd with dainty torchon lace. Very handsome and rich style and making as would readily bring 8c.

Chemises of fine muslin, trimm'd with dainty torchon lace and making as would readily bring 8c.

Chemises of fine muslin, corded and elegantly made. Full and prettily trimm'd. Kinds that pass over our counters every day for 8c.

Inventory price.



Inventory of Corset Covers.

Of all the sales ever made on these we feel that they will dwindle into nothingness compared with the master values you'll find on our counters today. Every single garment is honestly made and honestly marked. There are no second choices. Each has virtues that surpass the others. Of course there are hundreds besides these we quote, but they'll bear seeing better than telling.

Corset covers made of good cambric, in high or low neck style. Well made. Kinds that easily bring 8c on regular days. These you'll find today at Inventory price.

Corset Covers of fine cambric, trimmed tastily with fine embroidery. Shape of square neck. Kinds that always sell for 8c. Today 9c marked at.



Inventory of Infants' Wear.

No need of an introduction to these items. The descriptions and prices are interesting enough.

Infants' Long Cambric Slips trimm'd with embroidery and full lace worth 12c.

Infants' Long Cambric Skirts with deep embroidery and full lace worth 12c.

Infants' Long Cambric Skirts with deep embroidery and full lace worth 12c.

Infants' Long Cambric Slips trimm'd with embroidery and full lace worth 12c.